Nightmares of a Container Orchestration System

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ЗАМ...
Scope of Jan’s nightmares...

Modern App Components

- Microservices (in containers)
  - Functions & Logic

Big Data + Analytics Engines

- Analytics
  - Streaming
  - Batch
  - Machine Learning
  - Search
  - Time Series
  - SQL / NoSQL

Datacenter Operating System (DC/OS)

- Container Orchestration
- Security & Governance
- Monitoring & Operations
- User Interface

Distributed Systems Kernel (Apache Mesos)

Any Infrastructure (Physical, Virtual, Cloud)
Scope of Jan’s nightmares...

Modern App Components

Distributed Systems Kernel (Apache Mesos)

Any Infrastructure (Physical, Virtual, Cloud)
Backup State

- We are running *distributed Database* outside Mesos on the same cluster

Why should we have backup?

- Backup state
- Services
- Cluster
UI Deployments

- Use (Marathon) endpoints for deployments!
- Version (and track) your app definitions!
Immutable Container Images

- Use tagged container images
- Keep tagged images immutable!
Private Container Registries

- Use tagged container images
- Keep tagged images immutable!
- Use a private container registry!

Dockerhub works great for our test cluster…

```json
{
  "id": "/",
  "instances": 1,
  "container": {
    "type": "DOCKER",
    "docker": {
      "image": "ubuntu"
    }
  },
  "cpus": 0.1,
  "mem": 128,
  "cmd": "sleep 1000"
}
```
Resource Constraints

32MB are sufficient for Docker container...

- Memory constraints are hard limits
- Consider overhead (e.g., Java)
- Difficult to approximate
- Monitor

```json
{
  "id": "/app-server",
  "description": "App definition version 1.",
  "cpus": 0.5,
  "mem": 32,
  "disk": 0,
}```
Zookeeper Cluster Size

Our Zookeeper Cluster has 4 nodes, that is better than 3, or?

- Zookeeper quorum (i.e., #Masters) should be odd!
- Production 5 is optimal!
Health Checks

What are health checks?

- Specify Health checks carefully
  - Different options
    - Mesos vs Marathon,
    - Command vs HTTP
- Impacts Load-Balancers and restarts
- Readiness checks

```
"healthChecks": [
  {
    "path": "/",
    "portIndex": 0,
    "protocol": "HTTP"
  }
]
```
NoSQL Datastores

We replaced our Postgres instance with Cassandra, and now we get stale results.

- Consider the semantics of your datastore!
  - ACID vs Base
  - Model your data and queries accordingly!
Removing Stateful Frameworks

- Follow the uninstall instructions!
- Reservations and Zookeeper state!
- state.json
We just replaced all our VM instances by containers*…

- Be aware of different isolation semantics!
Disk Usage

All our disk are full...

- Docker and logs are great in filling up disk space!
- Cleanup docker instances and images!
- Monitor available disk space!
Mesos Modules

To solve this problem, our team quickly developed this really cool Mesos Module...

• Mesos Modules can be tricky!
• Monitoring and Debugging...
Linux Distributions

We are using *obscure Linux distribution* for our (DC/OS) cluster

- If possible use tested distributions!
- Especially for DC/OS!
Services on the same node...

We are running *distributed Database* outside Mesos on the same cluster

- Be careful when running services outside Mesos but on the same cluster!
- Adjust resources accordingly!
Spreading out Master Nodes

We are running our cluster across different AWS regions.

- Be careful when distributing Master nodes across high latency links!
- Different AWS AZ ok, different region probably not!
Agent Attributes

We changed the agent attributes for running cluster…

- attributes='rack:abc;zone:west; os:centos5;level:10;keys:[1000-1500]'

- Set agent attributes when starting an agent!
- Do not change for running agents!
Cluster Upgrades

We upgraded our cluster…*

- Check state before
- Follow upgrade instructions!
- Automation
- Remember Backup!
Before upgrading
1. Make sure cluster is healthy!
2. Perform backup
   a. ZK
   b. Replicated logs
   c. other state
3. Review release notes
4. Generate install bundle
   a. Validate versions
1. Master rolling upgrade
   a. Start with standby
   b. Uninstall DC/OS
   c. Install new DC/OS
2. Agent rolling upgrade
3. Framework upgrades
1. Master rolling upgrade
2. Agent rolling upgrade
   a. Uninstall DC/OS
   b. Install new DC/OS
3. Framework upgrades
1. Master rolling upgrade
2. Agent rolling upgrade
3. Framework upgrades
   a. Orthogonal to DC/OS
   b. Ensure changes don’t affect existing apps
We have automatic updates enabled for Docker...

- Follow upgrade instructions!
- Backup!
- Explicit control of versions!
Our POC app is deployed in our production environment, time for vacation…

• Day 2 Operations is the actually challenging part!

Keep it running!
Day 2 Operations OPERATIONS

- Configuration **Updates** (ex: Scaling, re-configuration)
- Binary **Upgrades**
- Cluster **Maintenance** (ex: Backup, Restore, Restart)
- **Monitor** progress of operations
- **Debug** any runtime blockages
METRICS

• Measurements captured to determine health and performance of cluster

- How utilized is the cluster?
- Are resources being optimally used?
- Is the system performing better or worse over time?
- Are there bottlenecks in the system?
- What is the response time of applications?
DC/OS METRIC SOURCES

• Mesos metrics
  – Resource, frameworks, masters, agents, tasks, system, events

• Container Metrics
  – CPU, mem, disk, network

• Application Metrics
  – QPS, latency, response time, hits, active users, errors
Production Checklist
Monitor both Masters and Agents for flapping (i.e., continuously restarting). This can be accomplished by using the `uptime` metric.

Monitor the rate of changes in terminal task states, including TASK_FAILED, TASK_LOST, and TASK_KILLED.
Use five master instances in production. Three is sufficient for HA in staging/test

Place masters on separate racks, if possible

Secure the teardown endpoints to prevent accidental framework removal.
Set agent attributes before you run anything on the cluster. Once an agent is started, changing the attributes may break recovery of running tasks in the event of a restart. See also https://issues.apache.org/jira/browse/MESOS-1739.

Explicitly set the resources on the nodes to leave capacity for other services running there outside of Mesos control. For example, HDFS processes running alongside Mesos.
Run with security and ACLs, see the `--zk=` and `--master=` flags on the master and slaves respectively. If you do enable ACLs, they must be enabled before nodes are created in ZK.

Backup ZooKeeper snapshots and log at regular intervals. -
  - Guano or zkConfig.py (Want Snapshots + Transaction Log)

Marathon, Chronos, and other frameworks store state in ZK. The first Marathon should store state in the same ZK as Mesos master.

Userland apps **should NOT** store state in the ZK cluster shared by Mesos and Marathon. Examples of userland apps include Storm, service discovery tools, and additional instances of Marathon and Chronos.
Monitor ZK's JVM metrics, such as heap usage, GC pause times, and full-collection frequency.

Monitor ZK for: number of client connections, total number of znodes, size of znodes (min, max, avg, 99% percentile), and read/write performance metrics.
ANY QUESTIONS?

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