



Cloud-Native Automotive Edge: AGL for Software-Defined Vehicle

Dec 2022

AGL Virtualization Expert Group Leader

Jerry Zhao, Panasonic Automotive Systems Co., Ltd.

AGL Containers & Mesh Expert Group Leader

Haydn Peterswald, AWS Automotive

Continuous Evolvment to Software-Defined Vehicle in AGL

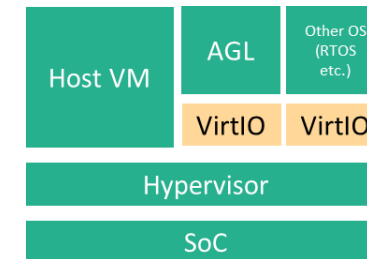
Trendy: Software Defined Vehicle

- Trendy: “Software Defined Vehicle”
 - A lot of **hype** surrounding this term
- AGL:
 - Welcome to the party!
 - AGL has been doing this for **8 years!**
 - AGL is addressing all major software functions
 - We have always believed that future vehicles will be defined by software
 - Lines are blurring between embedded software and IT/Cloud
 - Working closely with Yocto, ELISA, CNCF – all under one roof at Linux Foundation



AGL Slide from circa 2015

Virtualization EG



Powerful SOCs and Cockpit Consolidation with hardware-agnostic “VirtIO”

Container and Service Mesh EG



Growing Software Complexity and Scale with “microservice orchestration”

Virtualization EG

Decoupling SW from HW - Device
Virtualization with VirtIO to achieve
Software-Defined AGL

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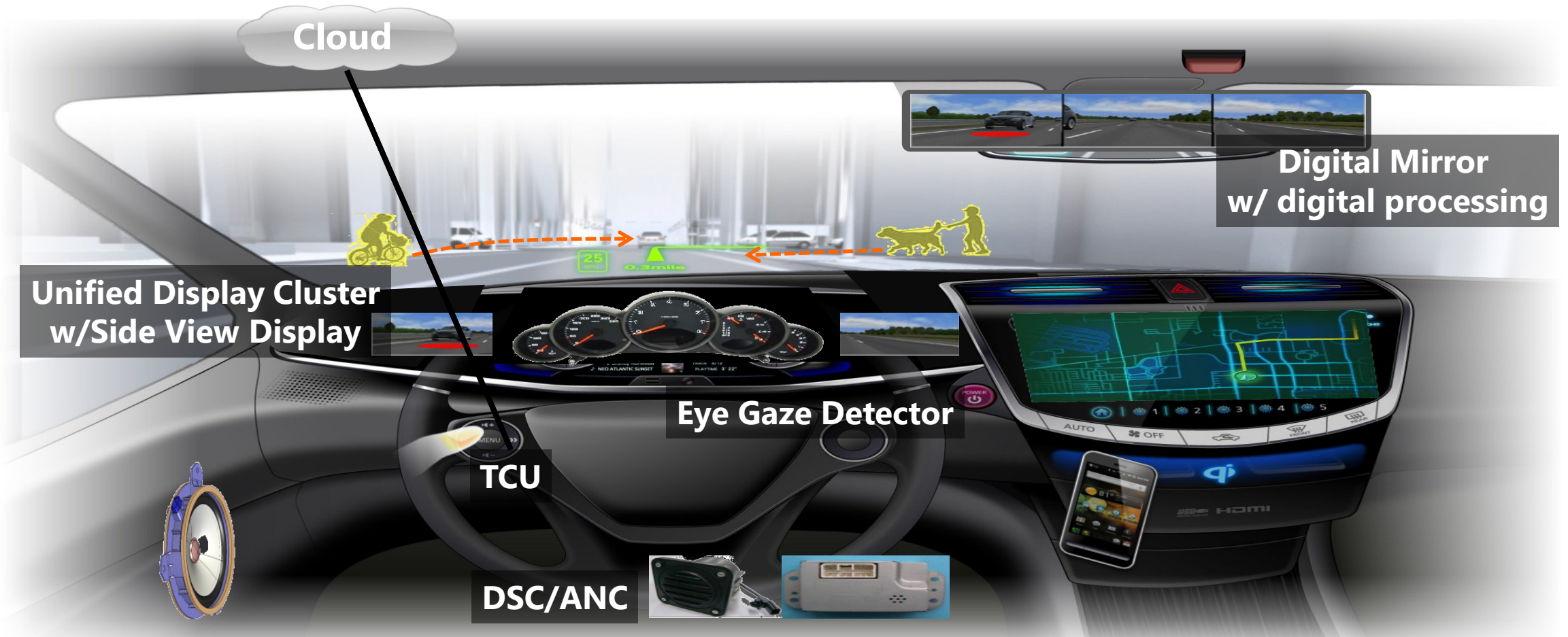
About AGL Virtualization Expert Group

- **Start of the Expert Group:**
The expert group was created from a BoF held in the Munich AGL AMM 2016 meeting and started activities from 2017.
- **Responsibility:**
The AGL Virtualization Expert Group (Virt-EG) is responsible to design and implement virtualization solutions for AGL.
- **EG Members:**
On average 10~20 members from different fields are joining the bi-weekly call.
- **Interest Points:**
Hypervisors, Containers and any other virtualization solution for x86/ARM. **Nowadays, Virt-EG is focusing on applying and extending VirtIO for diverse AGL use cases.**

Device Virtualization for Software Defined Vehicle

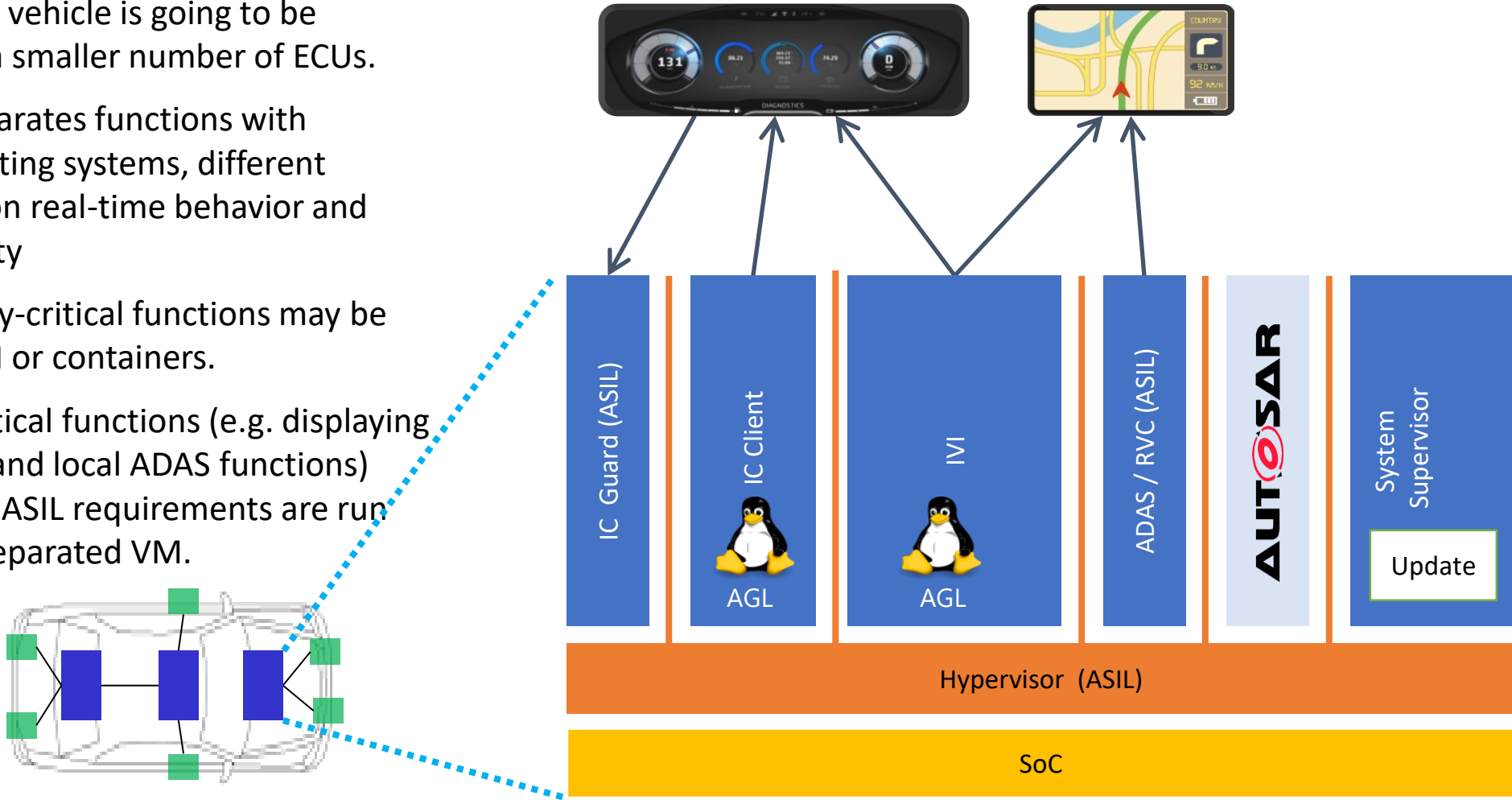
Cockpit Digital Transformation

Cockpit is going to be filled with digital instruments.



ASIL/Security Partitioning with Virtualization

- Computing in a vehicle is going to be performed by a smaller number of ECUs.
- Hypervisor separates functions with different operating systems, different requirements on real-time behavior and functional safety
 - Non-safety-critical functions may be run as VM or containers.
 - Safety-critical functions (e.g. displaying tell-tales and local ADAS functions) underling ASIL requirements are run under a separated VM.



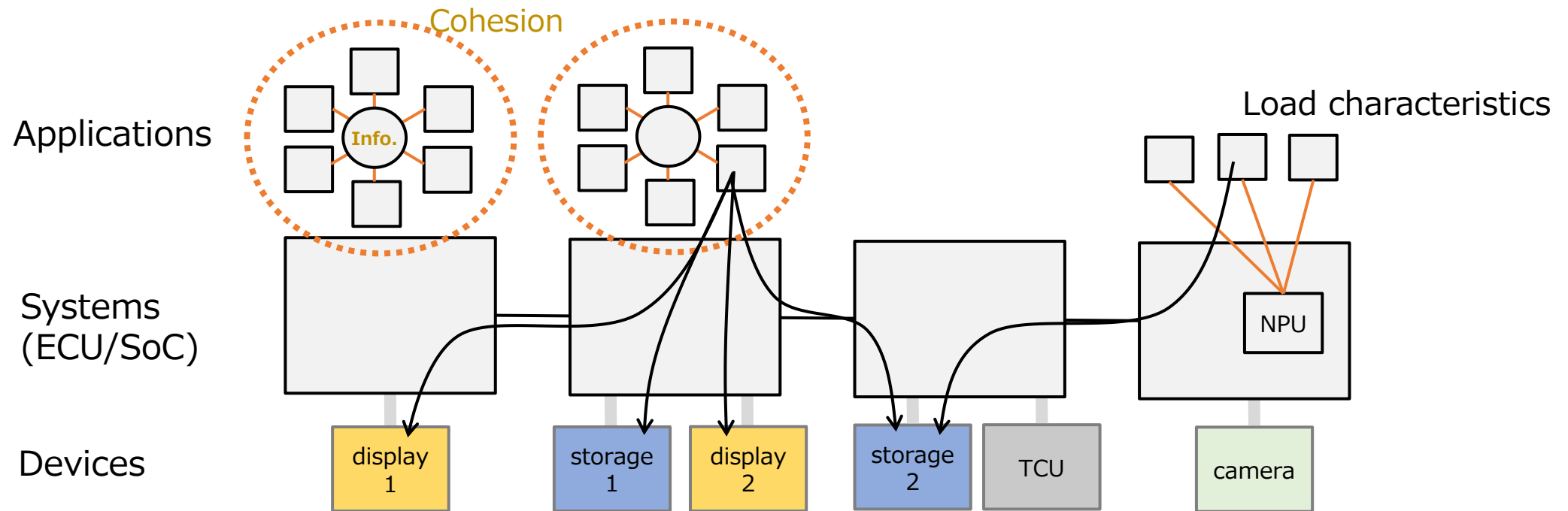
Example Integrated ECU Architecture with Virtualization

Excerpt from Panasonic's Keynote Presentation at the AGL AMM July 2020

Device Virtualization: Specific Necessity in Automotive

Common abstraction of diverged devices among car models and location transparency of devices are especially critical for application software asset.

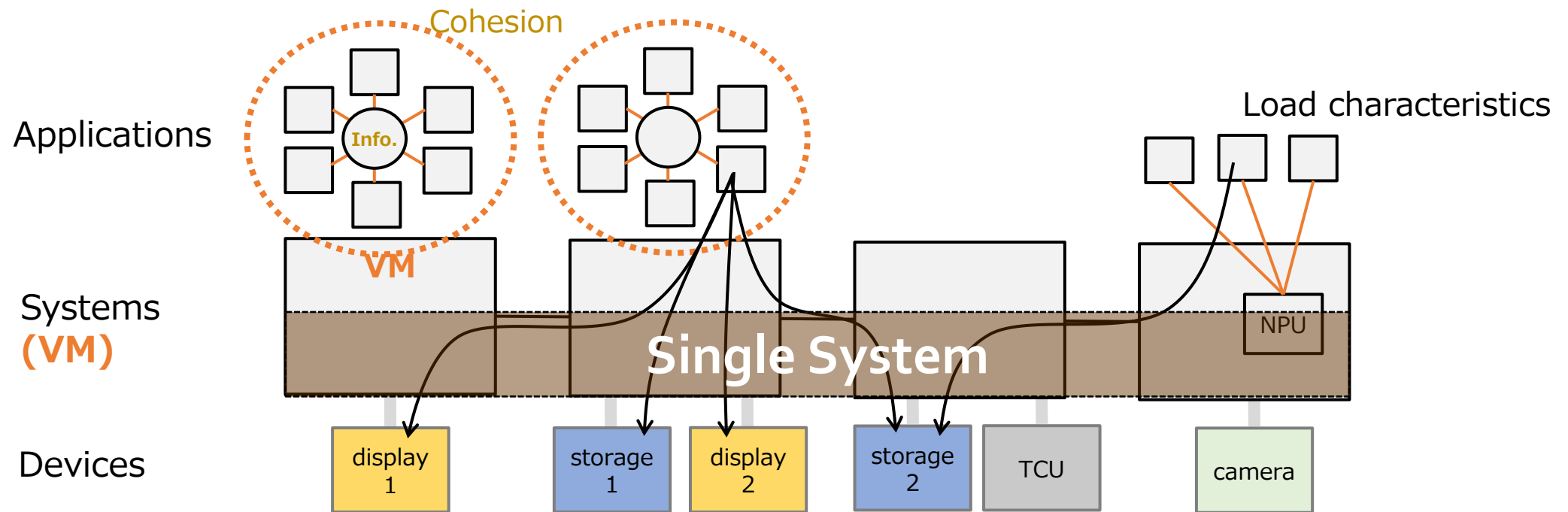
- Diversity of Devices due to Various Car Models
- Highly Distributed Architecture and conflicts between optimized allocation policies of applications and devices



Device Virtualization: Specific Necessity in Automotive

Common abstraction of diverged devices among car models and location transparency of devices are especially critical for application software asset.

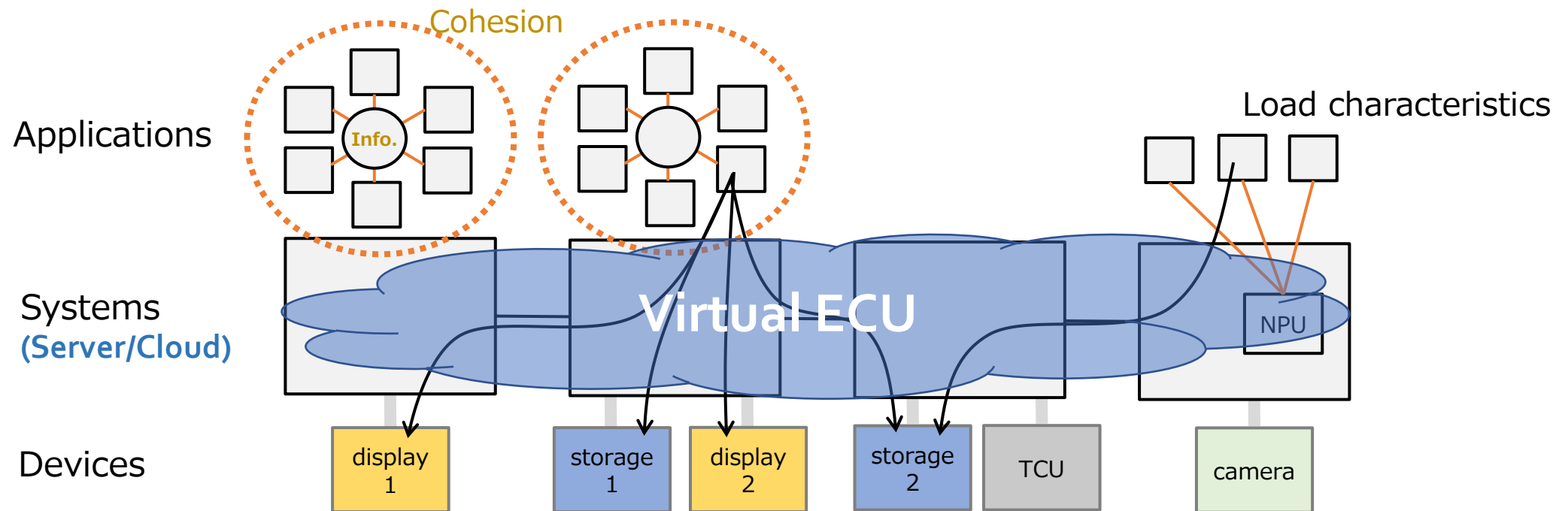
- Even for centralized ECU, the same argument applies because the system inside is divided to multiple VMs



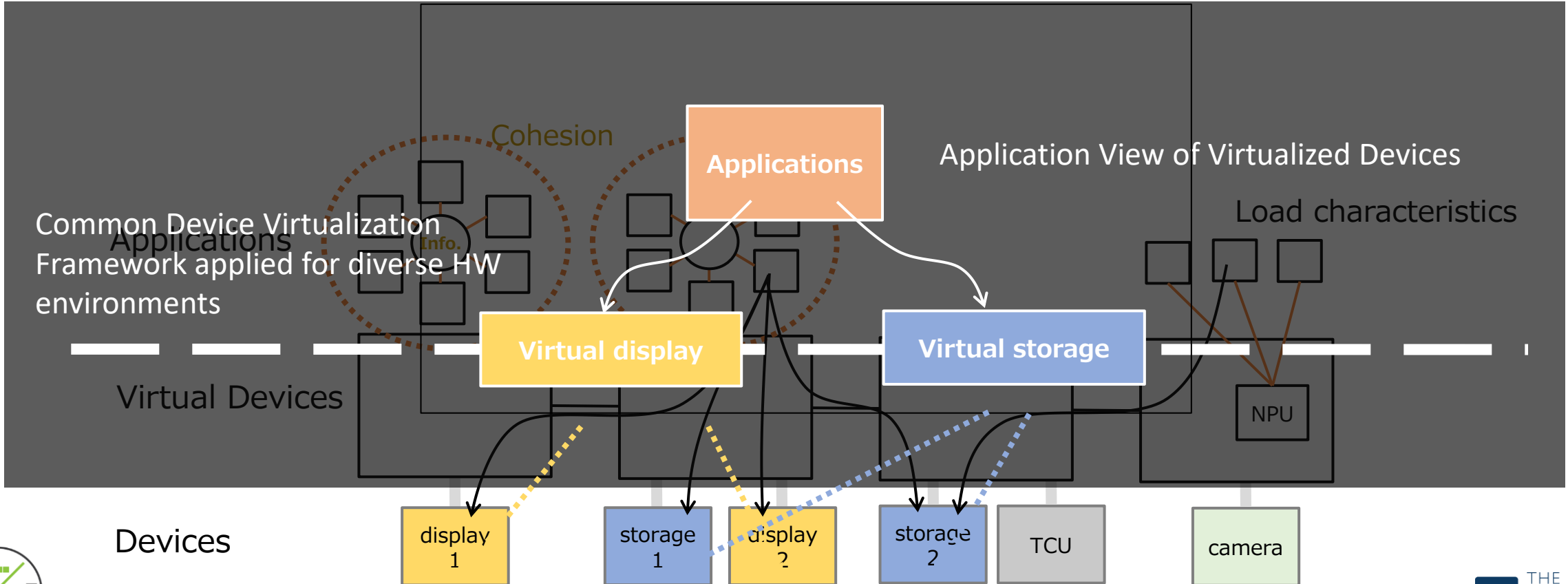
Device Virtualization: Specific Necessity in Automotive

Common abstraction of diverged devices among car models and location transparency of devices are especially critical for application software asset.

- In addition, same issue will apply to **Virtual ECU constructed in Server/Cloud** where has completely different device natures from the one on the automotive edge.



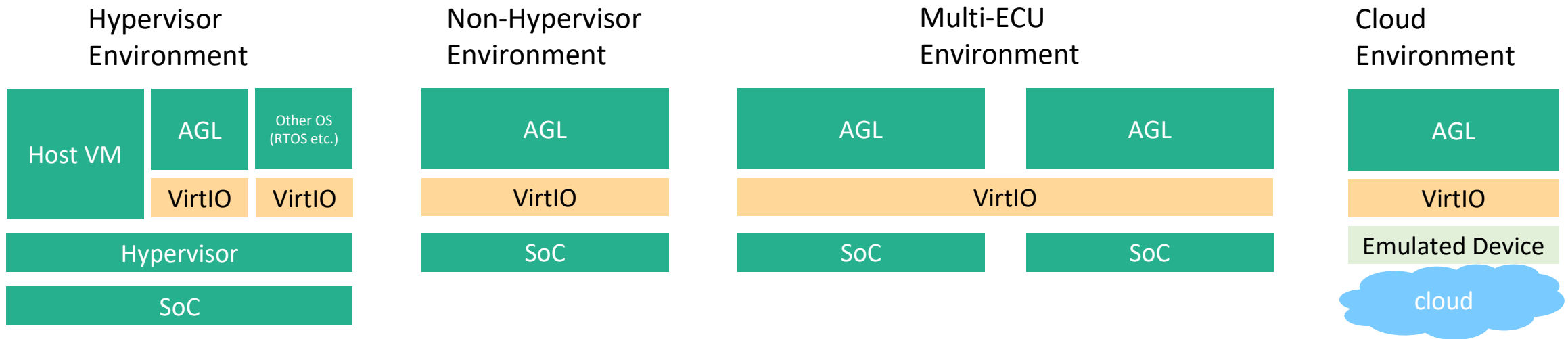
Software Defined Vehicle needs a common device virtualization framework to decouple software implementation from diverse hardware targets across vehicle variants/generations, architectures (single/multiple-ECU) and development environments (real/virtual ECU)



VirtIO as A Common Device Virtualization Framework

Overview of Device Virtualization in AGL - Concept

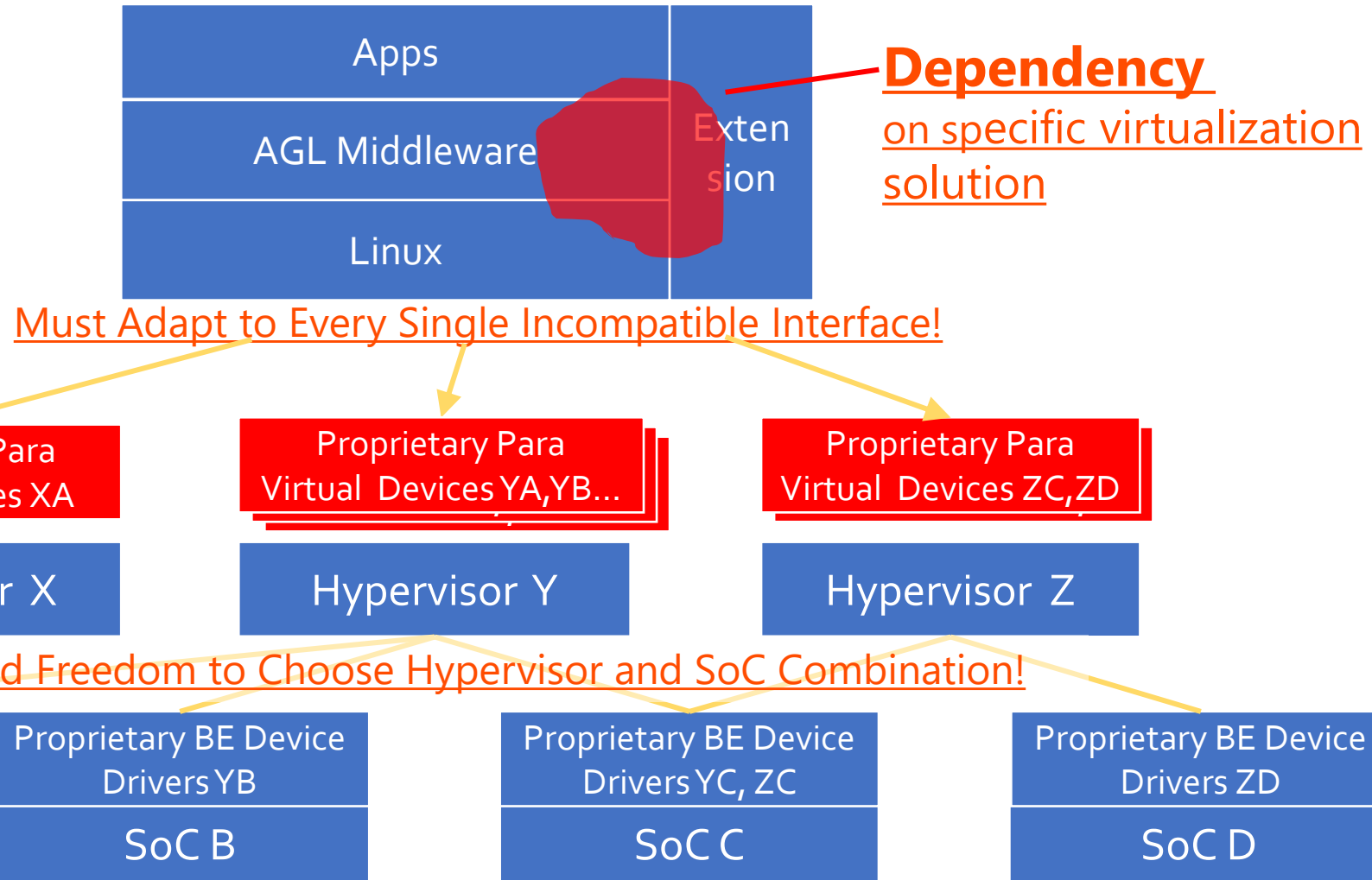
Device Virtualization with VirtIO benefits in establishing a complete and healthy ecosystem for AGL to enhance interchangeability and interoperability in various scenarios.



Pains around Virtualized AGL in the Past

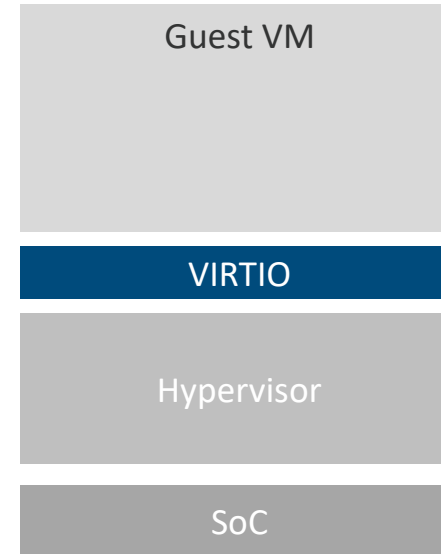
Fragmentation

Serious Barrier
For "Virtualization
Ready BSP"



Enter Standard Virtualization Framework - VirtIO

- Developed in 2008 as a hypervisor neutral way of accessing devices
- Provide virtual machines access to Input/Output
- A standardized interface for I/O between virtual machines and hypervisors
- Abstract device functionality instead of hardware
- Drivers are widely available in all major operating systems (Linux, Android, BSD, Windows, etc)
- Supported by all clouds and enterprise hypervisors



Reliable and proven technology

Versatile abstraction model

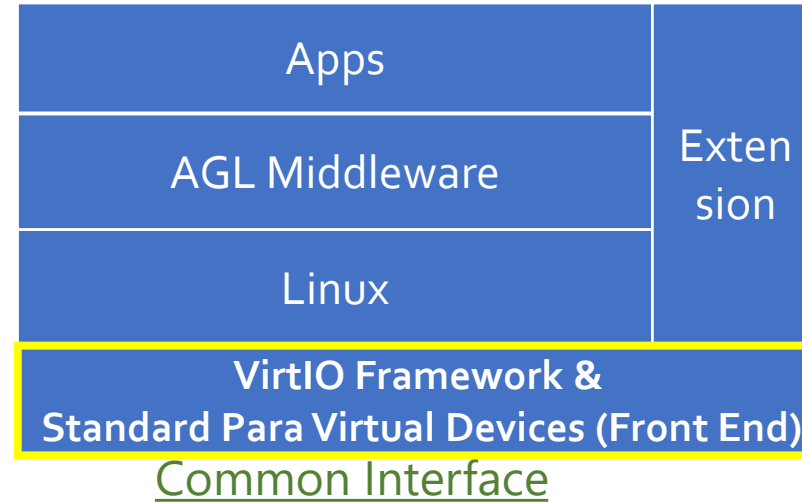
Scalable and high performance

Multiple interoperable implementations

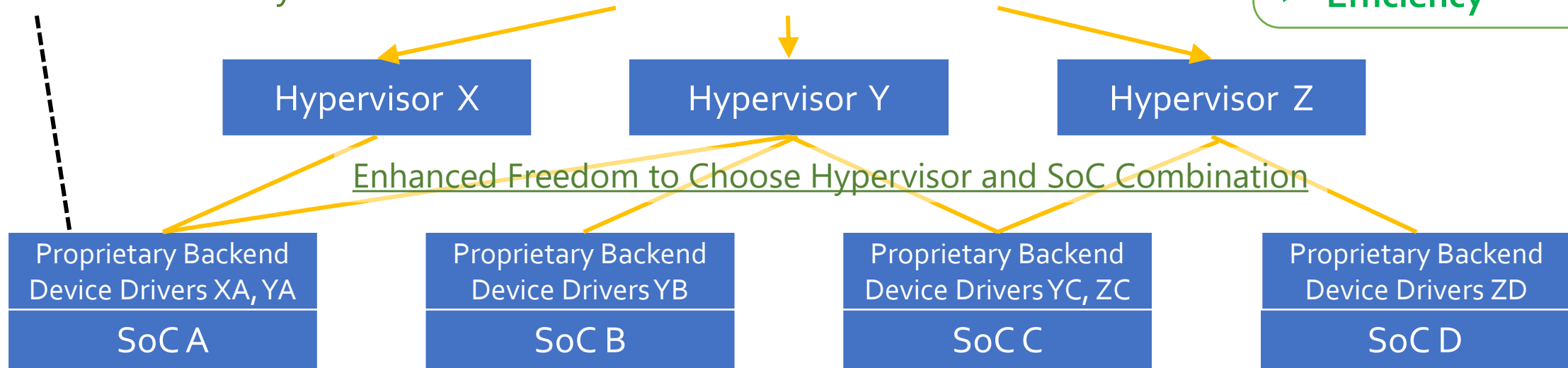
Broad ecosystem across multiple industries

VirtIO as a Common Framework for Virtualized AGL

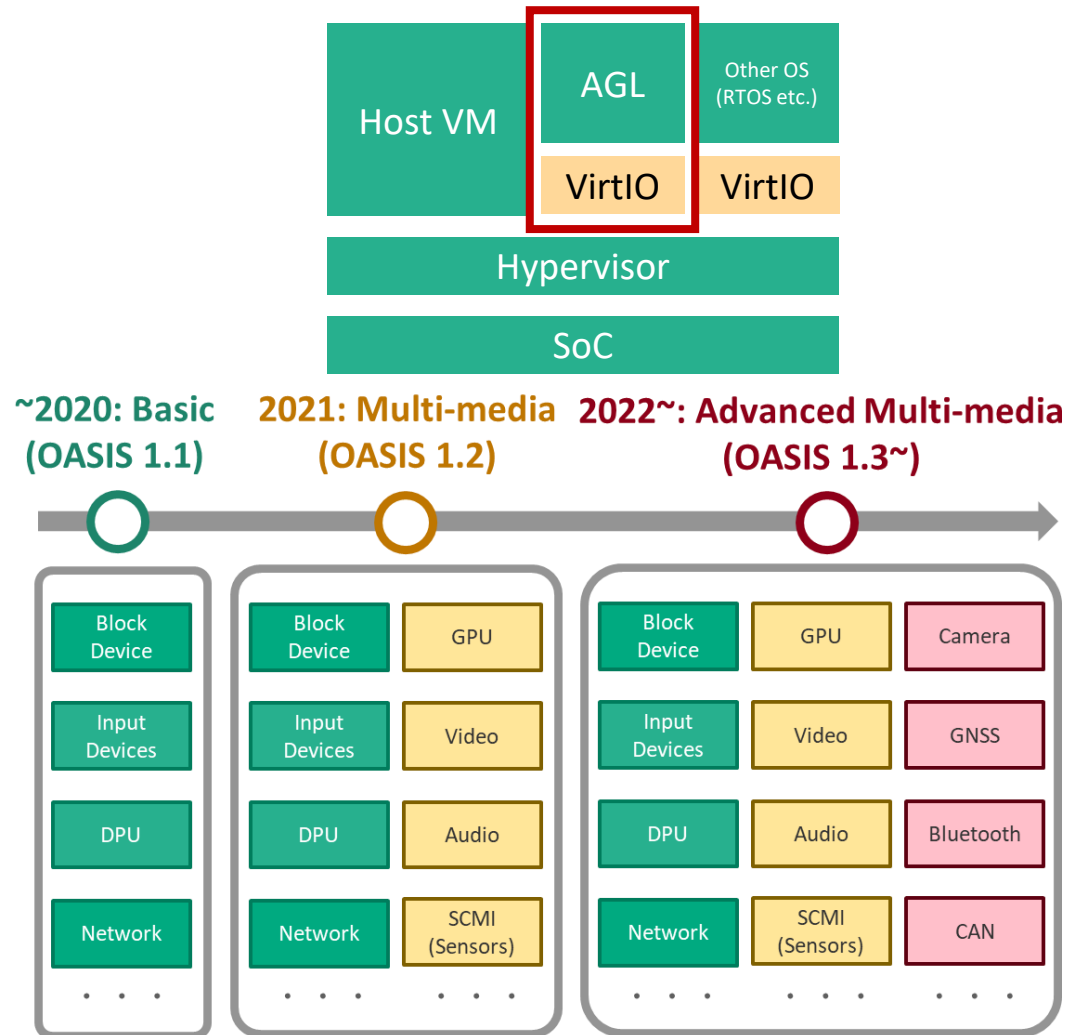
Limited Fragmentation=
Common Interface defined by
VirtIO largely improves community
and encourages
"Virtualization Ready BSP"



✓ **Healthy
Competition**
✓ **Efficiency**



VirtIO Work for Hypervisor Environment

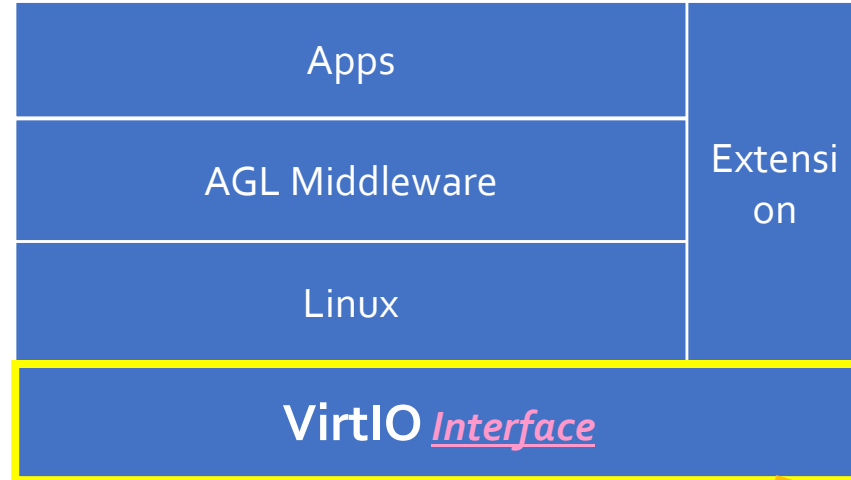


Virt-EG VirtIO Device Development Focus

- Kooky Koi (2021.2): VirtIO has been officially supported by AGL as common device framework for Virtualized with basic device support.
 - Block device: virtio-blk
 - Console: virtio-console
 - Display and GPU: virtio-gpu
 - Touch Panel: virtio-input
 - Network: virtio-net
 - Random Number Generator: virtio-rng
 - Virtual Socket: virtio-socket
- Lucky Lamprey (2021.7):
 - New feature in existing virtio devices
 - Multi-touch support in virtio-input
 - New virtio devices
 - Sound Card: virtio-sound
- Magic Marlin (2022.2):
 - New virtio devices
 - Video Decoder/Encoder: virtio-video
 - Camera: Camera streaming features based on virtio-video
- Nifty Needlefish (2022.7):
 - New virtio devices
 - SCMI: virtio-scmi (accelerometer & gyroscope sensors)
 - Bluetooth: virtio-bt

VirtIO Beyond Virtualized AGL

Utilize VirtIO as a well-defined device HAL even for non-virt AGL may further helps to reduce fragmentation across SoCs and encourage “AGL-ready BSP”



Maximized commonality of AGL Software among SoCs, virt/non-virt, cloud/edge environment

Use VirtIO as Common I/F with Cloud-based AGL to enhance interchangeability between cloud-AGL and native-AGL

Proprietary Device Drivers A

SoC A

Proprietary Device Drivers B

SoC B

Proprietary Device Drivers C

SoC C

Emulated Device

Cloud Server

Develop & Test in Cloud
Deploy in Native (Real HW)

VirtIO Work for Non-Hypervisor Environment

Non-Hypervisor Environment

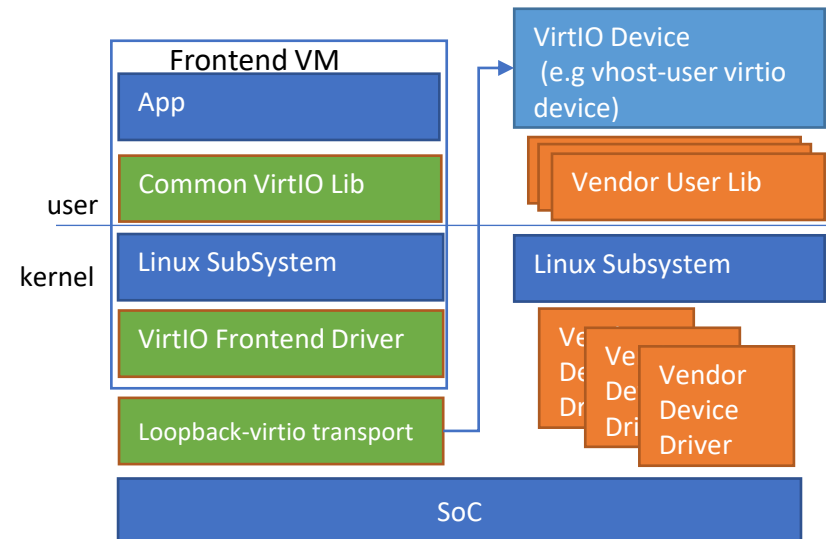


Priority of Device Virtualization
Voted by each AGL EG (2021)

Device	Total Score	Priority
Input Device	29	1
Display	27	2
GPU	26	3
CAN bus	20	4
Block Device	19	5
Audio	18	6
Ethernet	11	7
Bluetooth	9	8
SPI	8	9
Serial console	8	9
SCMI	8	9

- Finished Design & Implementation of a common virtio-based HAL layer “virtio-loopback” portable to execute on both native and virtual environments
 - Implemented use cases with block, RNG and input device
 - Added “touch sensitivity control” features from IVI-PR to existing virtio-input
- Ready to start next-step about future support activities for IVI-EG/IC-EG

High Level Architecture Design



Features & Benefits Discussion in EG



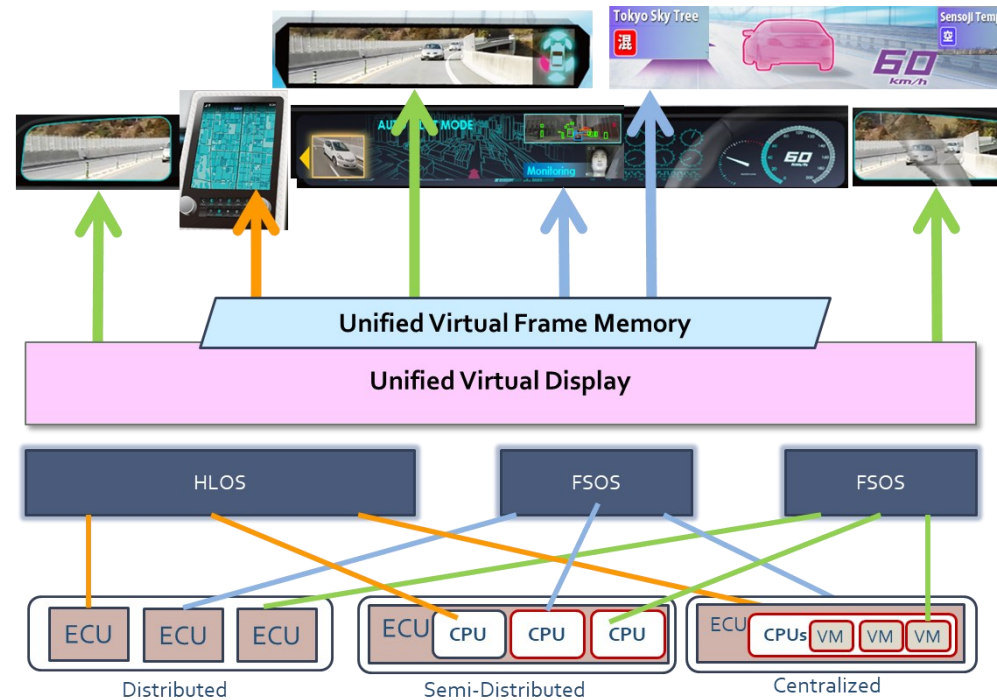
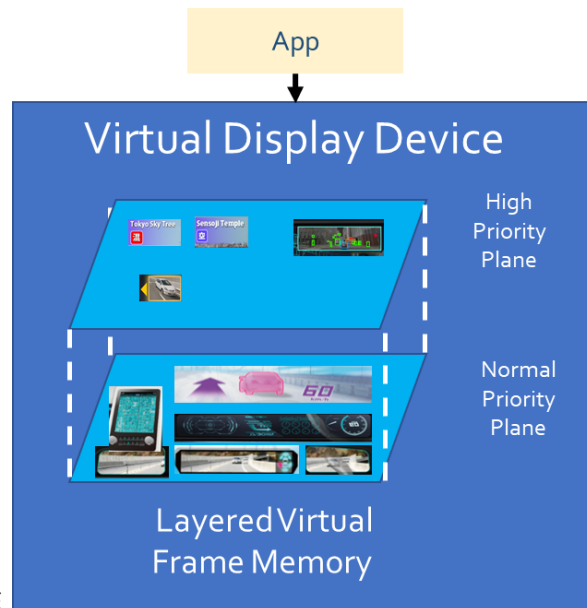
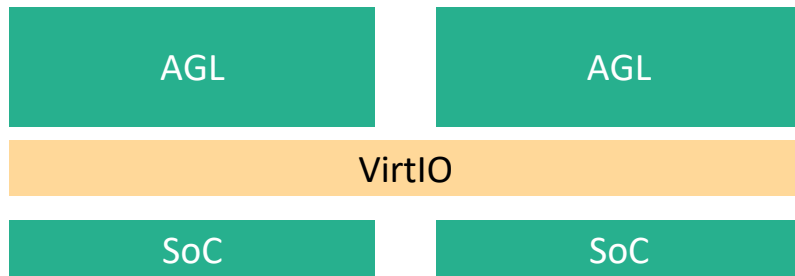
Benefits

- Existing user-space implementations can be reused
- Hypervisors that support virtio/vhost-user standards are fully compliant
- Data (vrings) exposed by the virtio driver in kernel space and directly mmap()ed by the device in user space
 - no copies, higher performance!
- Host and user space components are fully compliant with virtio and vhost-user open standards
 - virtio/vhost-user guarantee openness and stability

VirtIO Work for Multi-ECU

A Unified Virtual Display based on VirtIO-GPU (“Unified HMI” technology) can be established to have Integrated control of multiple display on distributed SoC systems

Multi-ECU Environment

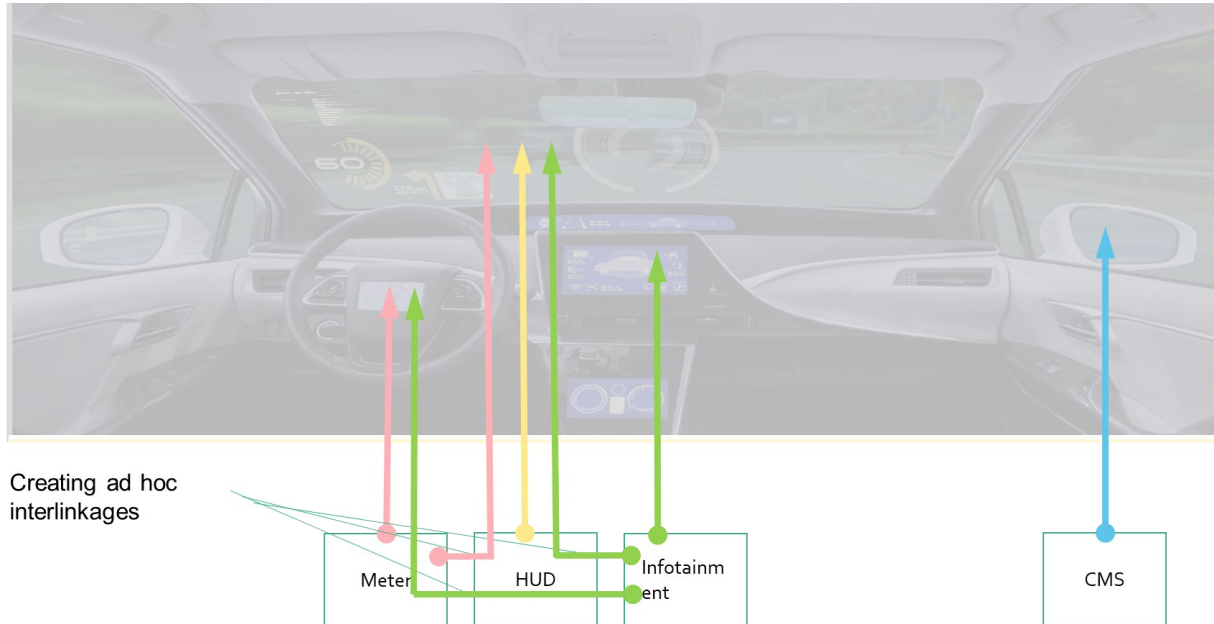


- Mapping multiple physical displays of cockpit & cabin into a **single large virtual display**
- Rendering each application to its arbitrary region

VirtIO Work for Multi-ECU

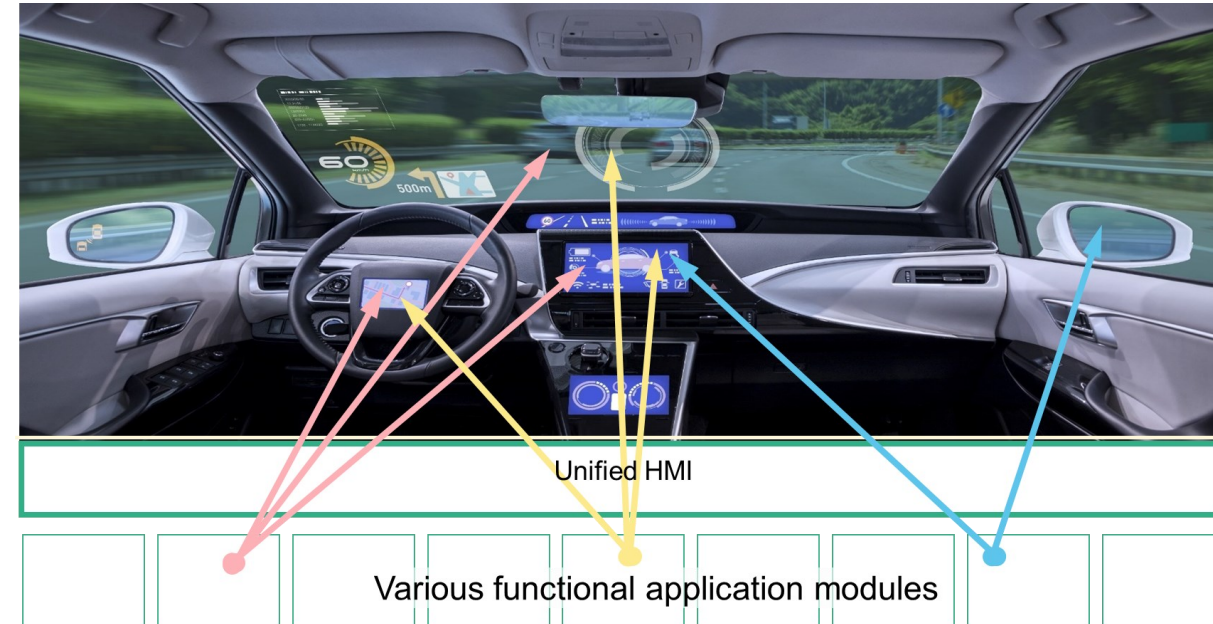
Legacy HMI System

Strict Restriction on ECU & Function-Display Relationship causing harmful Impediment for Cockpit UX

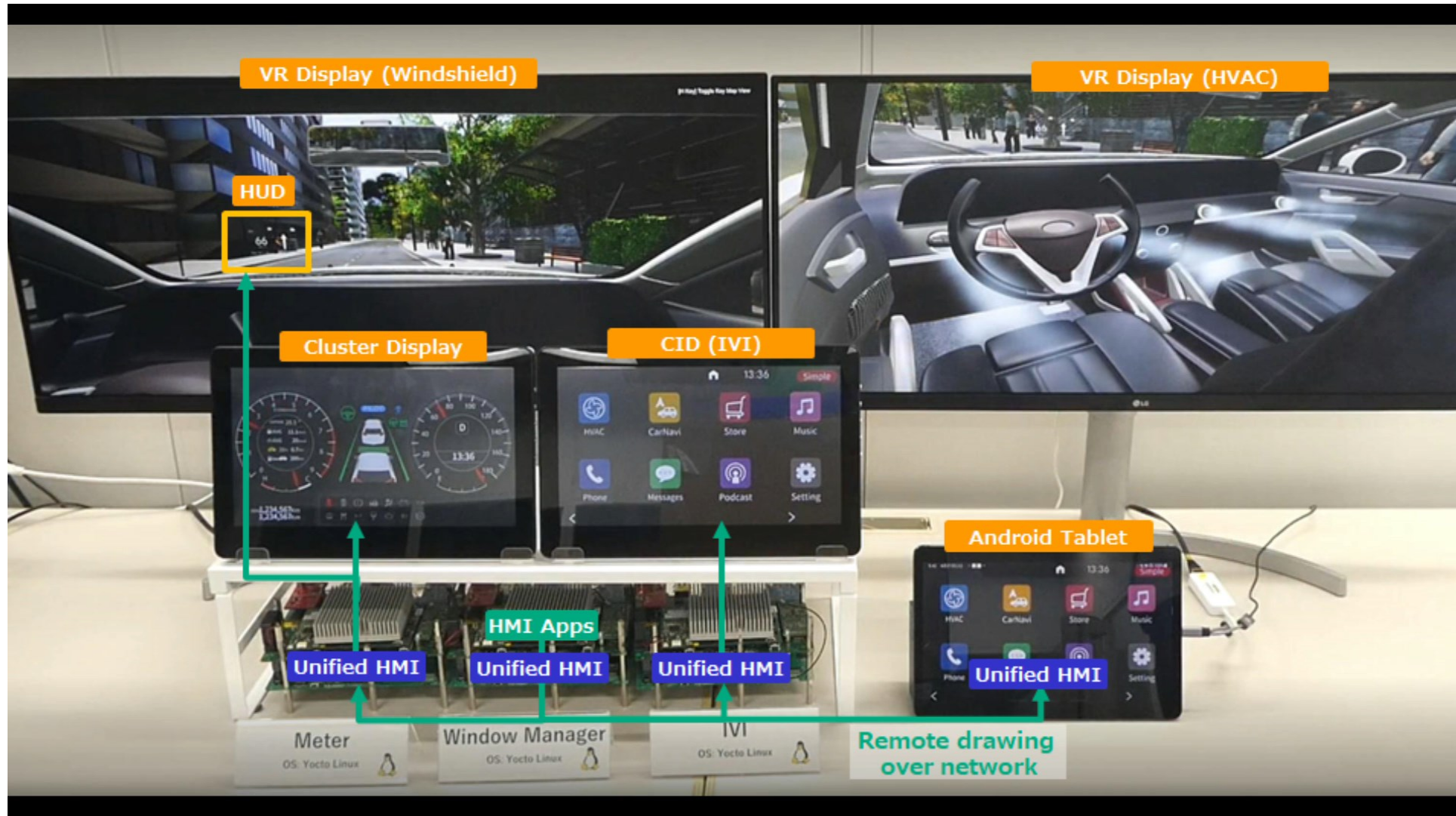


Unified HMI System

Full Flexibility on ECU & Function-Display Relationship for Cockpit UX Innovation

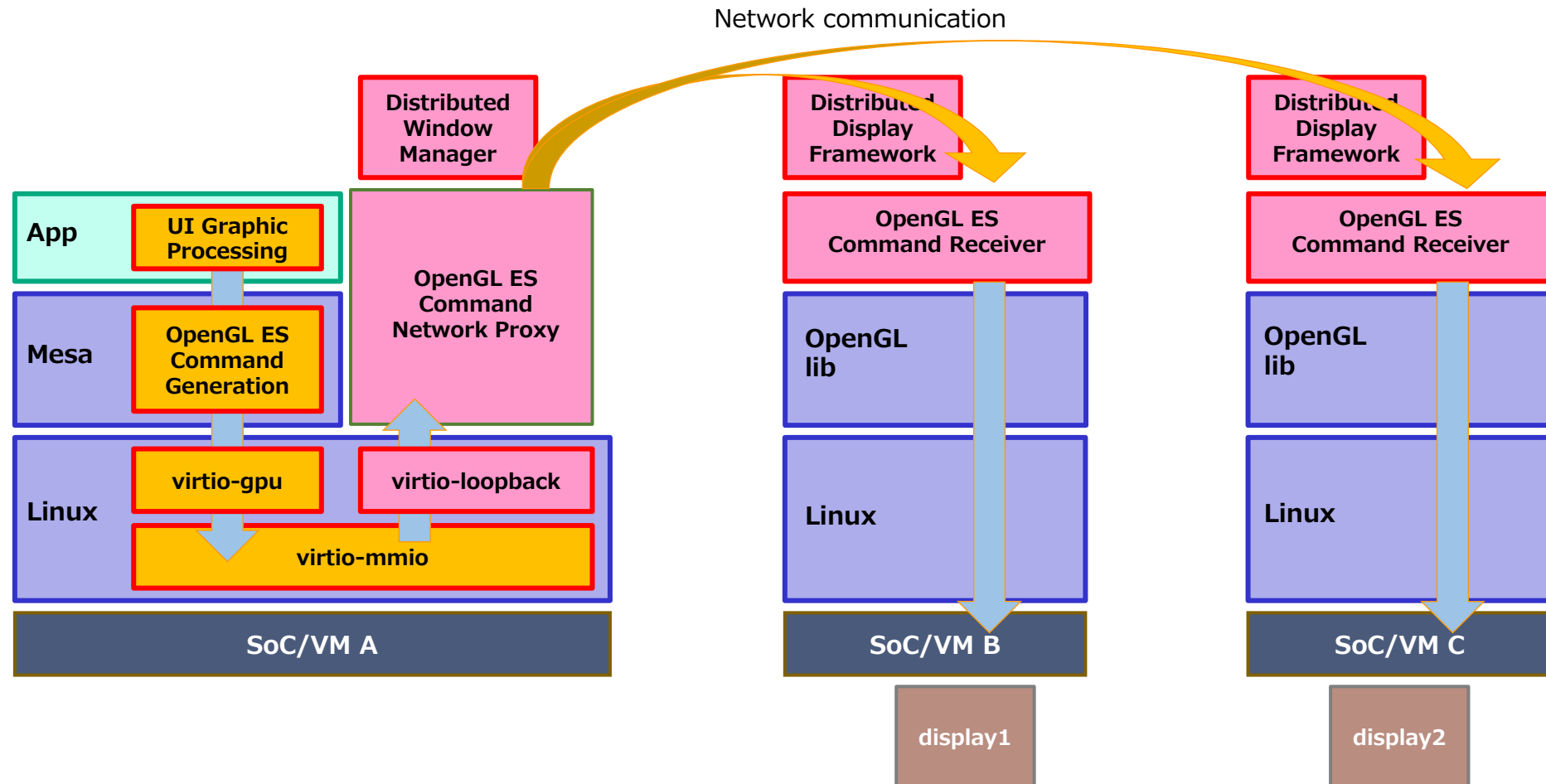


EG Member – Panasonic's Unified HMI Demo



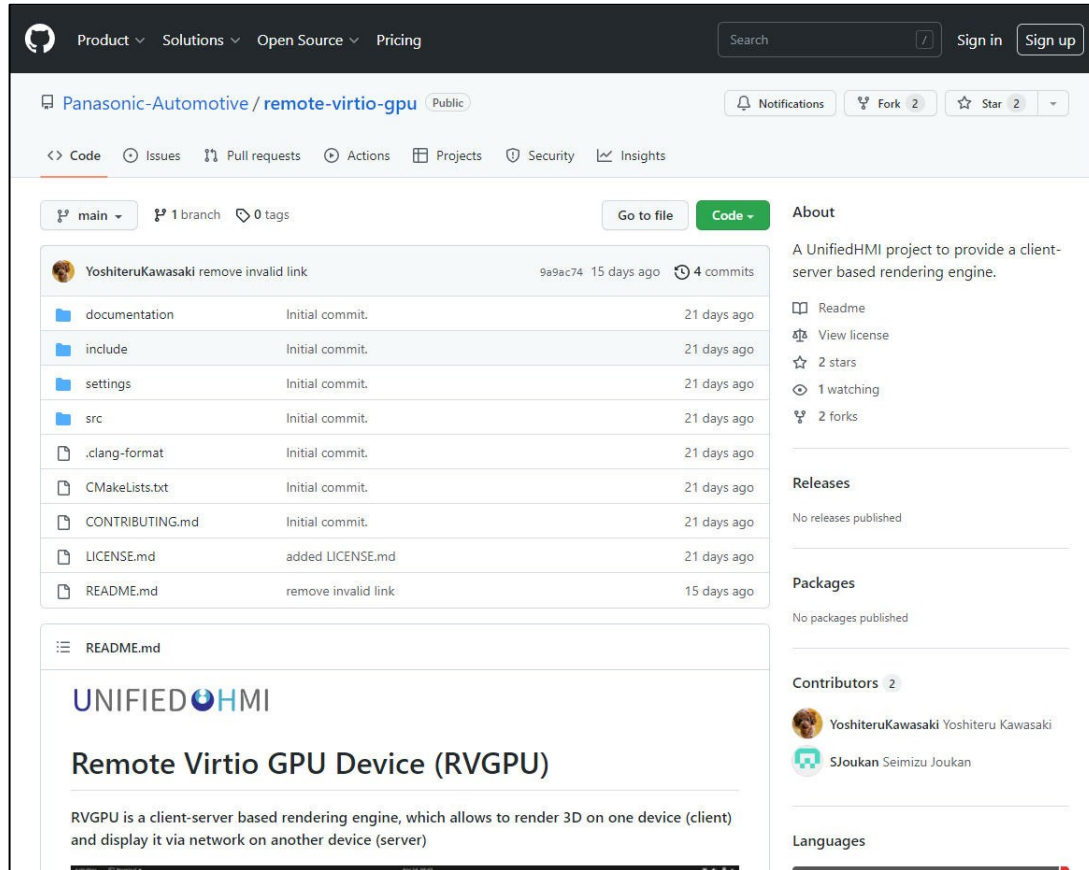
Unified HMI Schematic Architecture

- ① Apps are rendered with virtual GPU (VirtIO-GPU)
- ② Graphics are drawn by remote system through proxy requests
- ③ Layouts are managed by the distributed window manager



Unified HMI OSS Plan

*) <https://github.com/Panasonic-Automotive/remote-virtio-gpu>



OSS Roadmap for Unified HMI

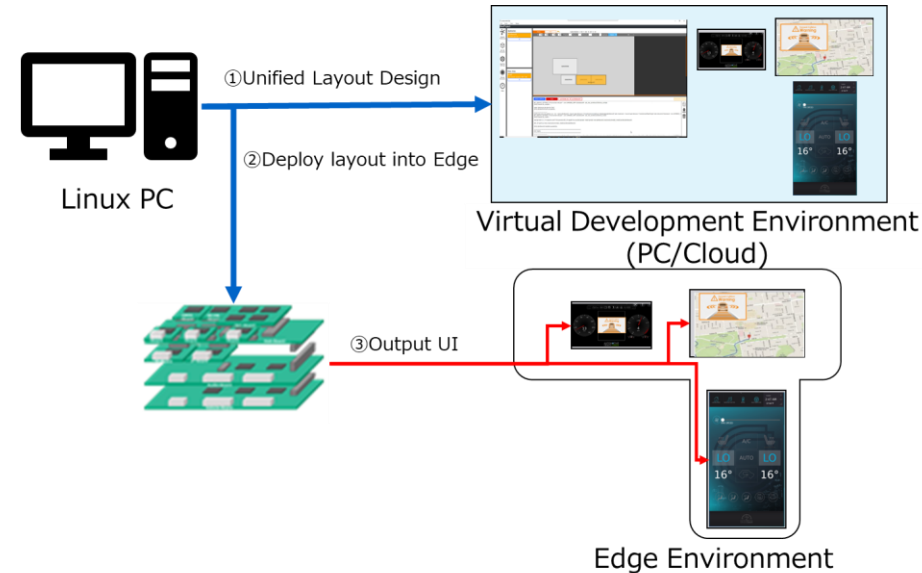
Publish Unified HMI
on GitHub*
(2022.9)

Apply Unified HMI to AGL
UCB OO/PP Release
(2023)



Unified HMI Demo in CES
(2023.1)

We will show an AGL-integrated Unified HMI Demo
with cloud-native features in the CES AGL Booth.

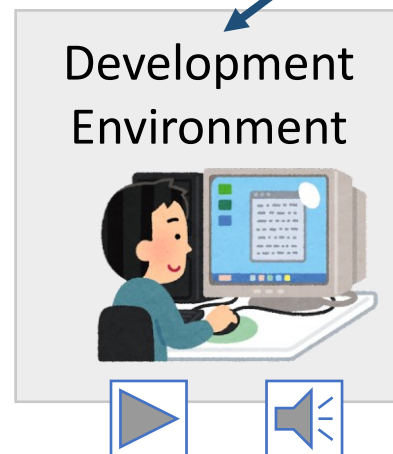
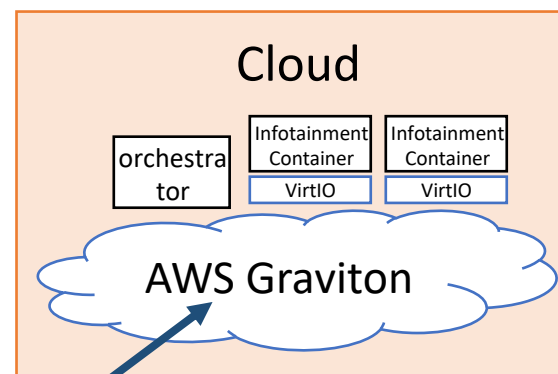
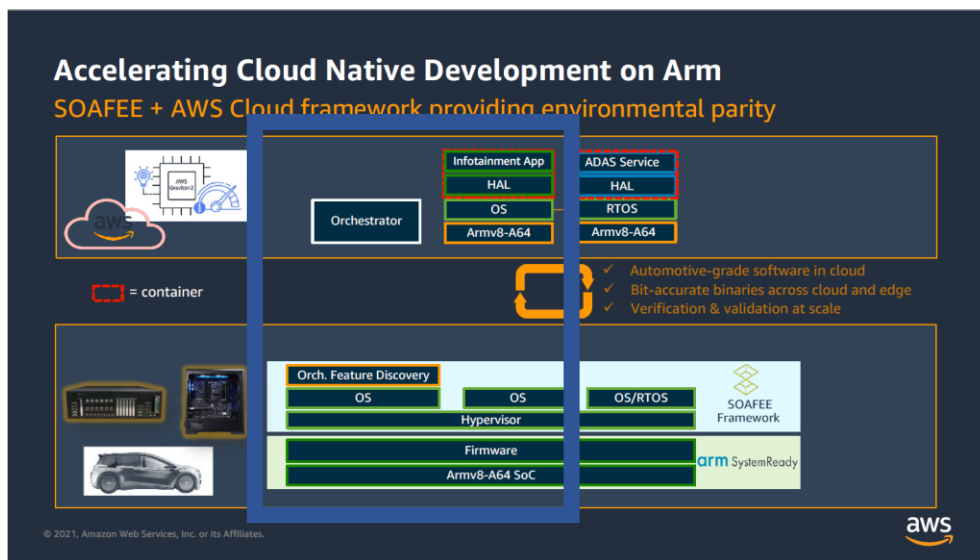


Unified layout of
multi-displays able to
developed on
PC/cloud and
seamlessly deployed
to automotive edge

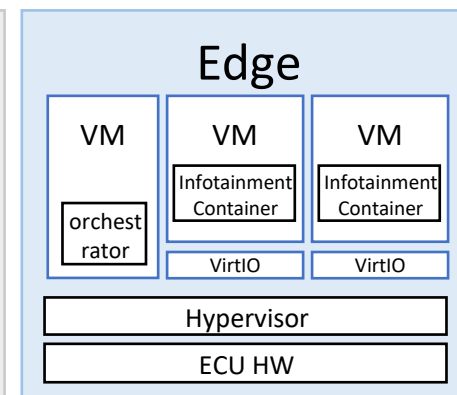
VirtIO Work for Cloud-Native Environment - AGL on AWS Graviton

- Establish a reference environment of cloud-native AGL
- Make VirtIO & Orchestration work on both cloud and edge AGL instances, and enable developer to develop HMI services on cloud environment which graphic & audio can be verified on local clients

Instrument Cluster & IVI which are most related to UI/UX and need rapid development & OTA are one of the automotive devices that enjoy benefits from cloud-native most.



Graphic & Sound are necessary for
development with Cloud



VirtIO Work for Cloud-Native Environment - AGL on Mac

- EG Member Francois from the company Shokubai has created a demo to run the AGL with VirtIO on the top of MacBook with Apple MacOS 13 virtualization framework.
- This can be done without any changes to AGL thanks to VirtIO.

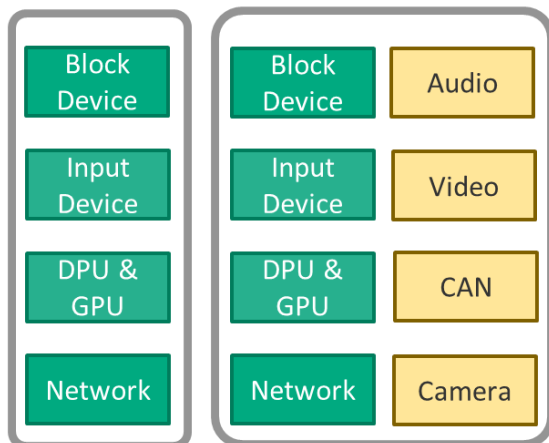


<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5DT-l2sWeVY>

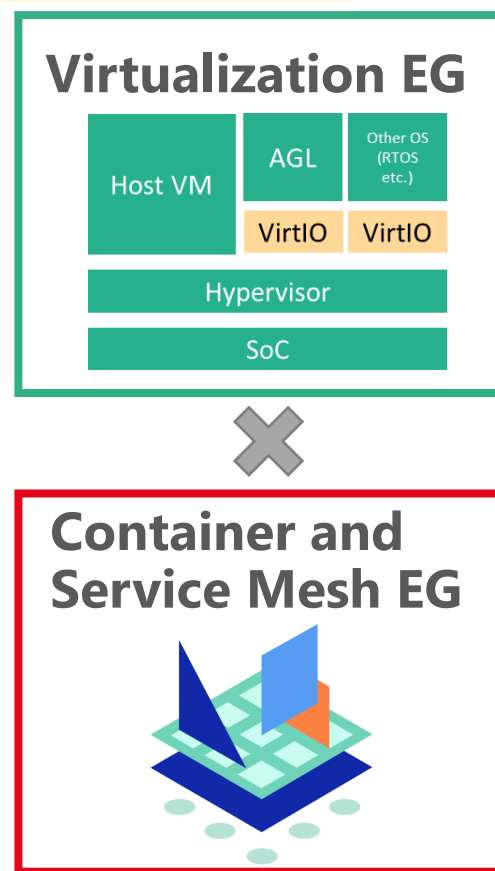
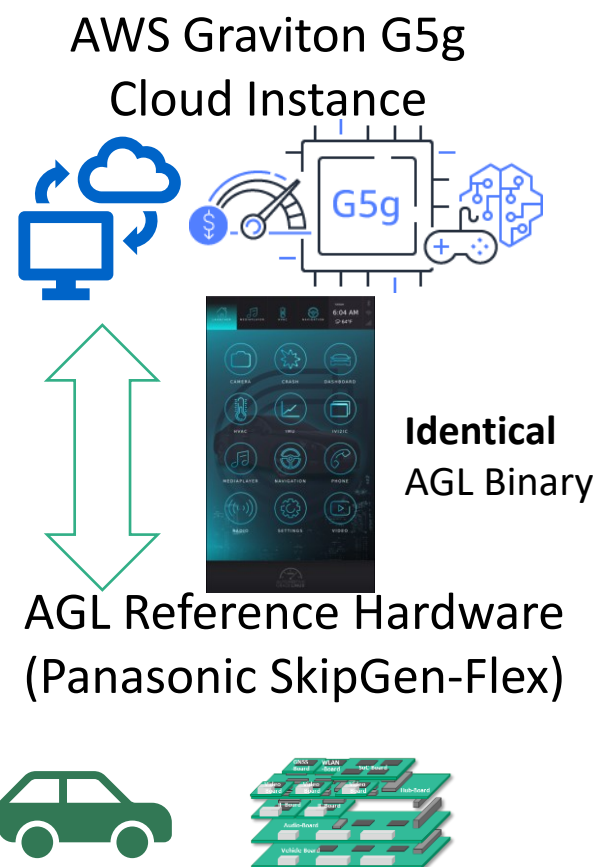
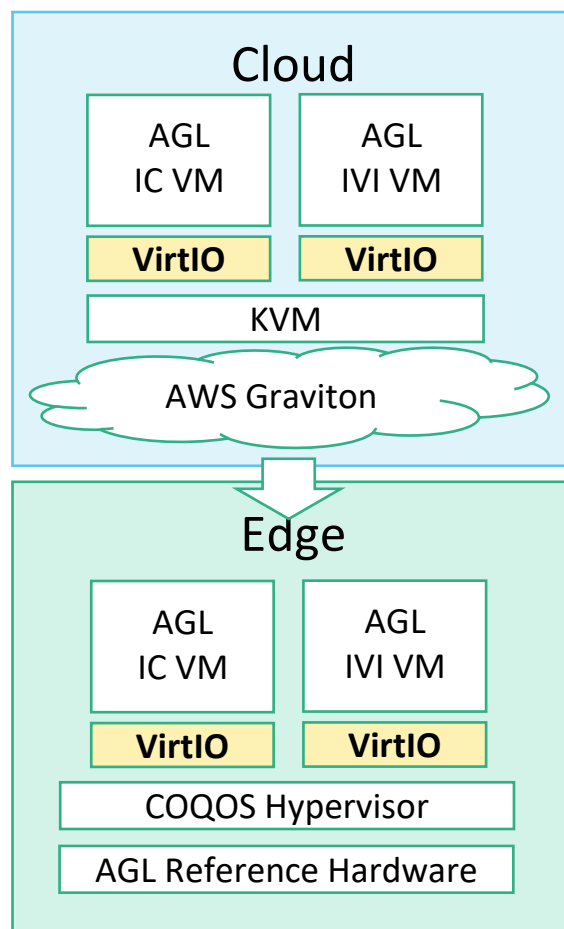
VirtIO Work for Cloud-Native Environment – Demo@CES2023 AGL Booth

- Collaborative efforts between Virt-EG and Container-EG to enable cloud-native AGL
- Identical AGL IVI binary is now able to run on both cloud and edge with graphics visible
- A Joint demo will be shown in the CES2023 AGL Booth

2022 Basic Device 2023 Advanced Device



...



Containers & Mesh EG

Cloud-Native Computing on Automotive Grade Linux

Haydn Peterswald

WW Tech Leader – Digital Customer Engagement

AWS Automotive

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Agenda:

- Challenge facing Automotive Industry
- Scope of the Containers & Mesh Expert Group
- AGL on AWS
- Expert group roadmap for the next months

Trends and Challenges driving the need for an SDV strategy

- Connected
- Autonomous
- Shared
- Electrification
- Safety features
- Quality and security
- Wiring harness costs
- Integration testing, V&V
- Regional regulatory differences
- Supply chain fragility
- Innovation

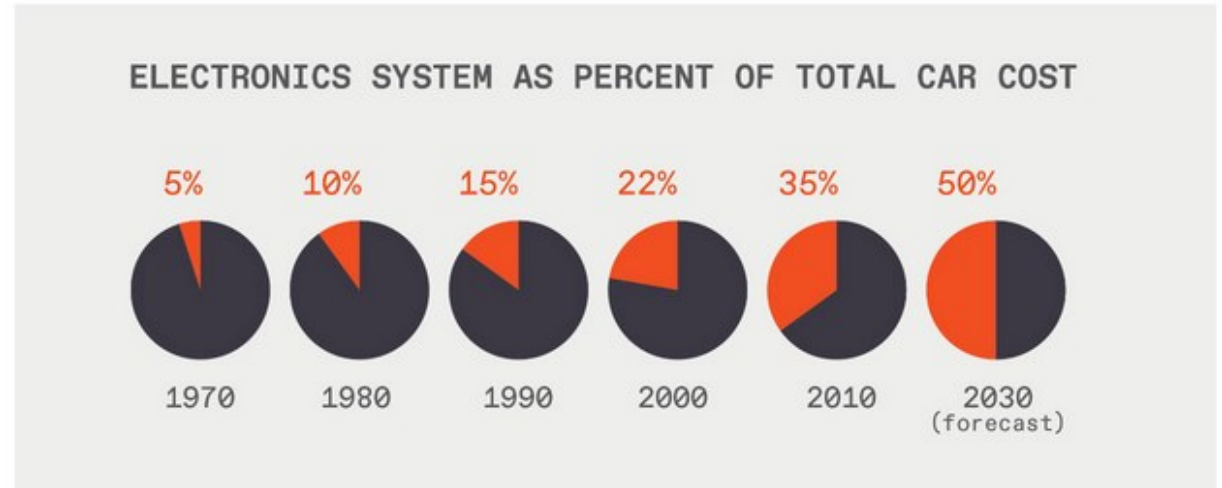
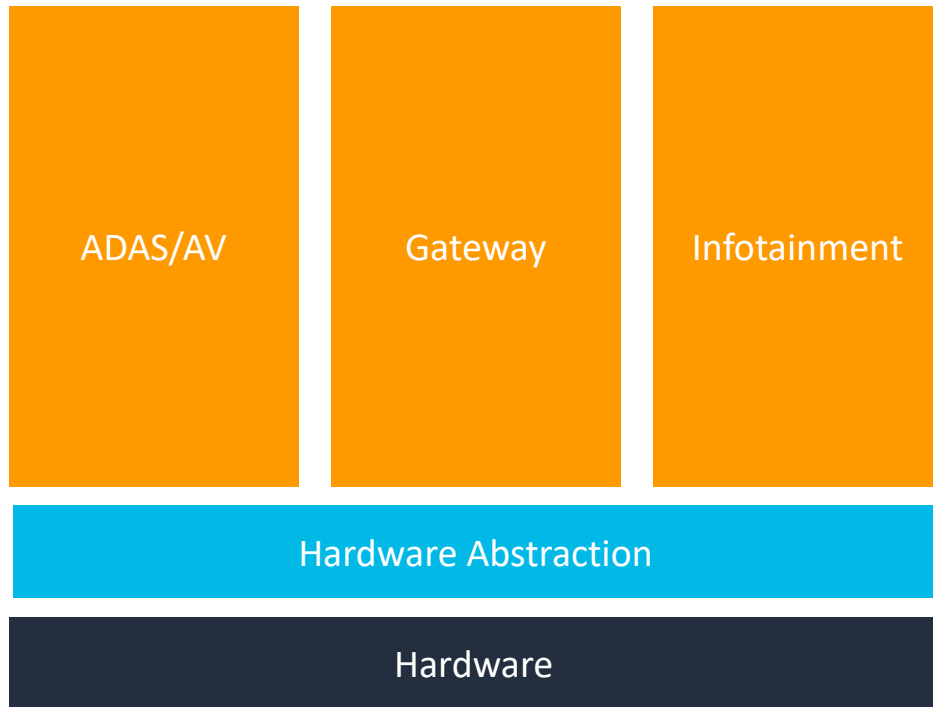


Chart: Mark Montgomery; Source: Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

<https://spectrum.ieee.org/cars-that-think/transportation/advanced-cars/software-eating-car>

What is “Software Defined”? How to make it possible?



Develop in Cloud and deploy into in-vehicle hardware

- Functions enabled by software are **abstracted** from hardware
- Functions are enabled using a cloud-native **microservices** development model:
 - Delivered as self-contained units of software (**virtual ECU** packaged in containers)
 - Mechanism for publishing available services and their interfaces and characteristics
 - Authorization of the use of these services by other functions
- Functions are **continuously updatable** over the air

Architectural considerations for Software Defined Vehicles

HW Consolidation & Virtualization

By virtualizing the sensors, networking, and hardware interfaces, customers can achieve parity between cloud and vehicle

In-Vehicle Microservices

Provide a normalized, consistent, secure data access layer that allows developers to create new insights & microservices

Application Encapsulation

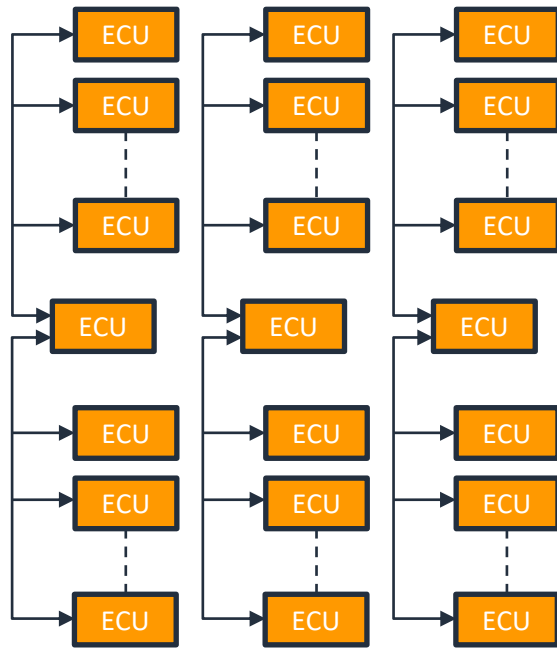
Containers provide self contained, isolated, easily distributable packages for development of virtual ECUs deployed to vehicles

Automotive DevOps

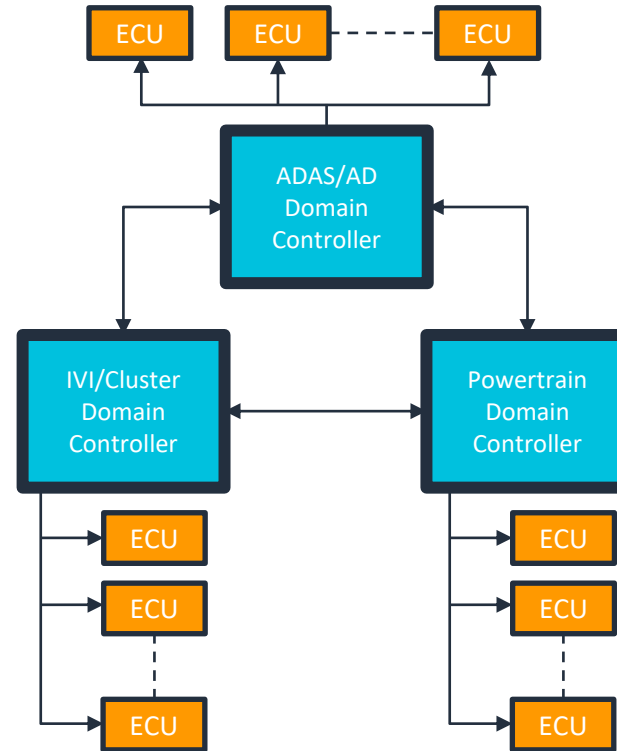
- Agility with managed **CI/CD** to more rapidly and reliably build and deliver services inside the vehicle
- **Mixed-critical management** of workloads from edge-to-cloud
- **Environmental parity** and optimized execution environment
- **Application-level networking** to discover services and enable communication across multiple types of compute infrastructures

In-vehicle hardware consolidation enables cloud native

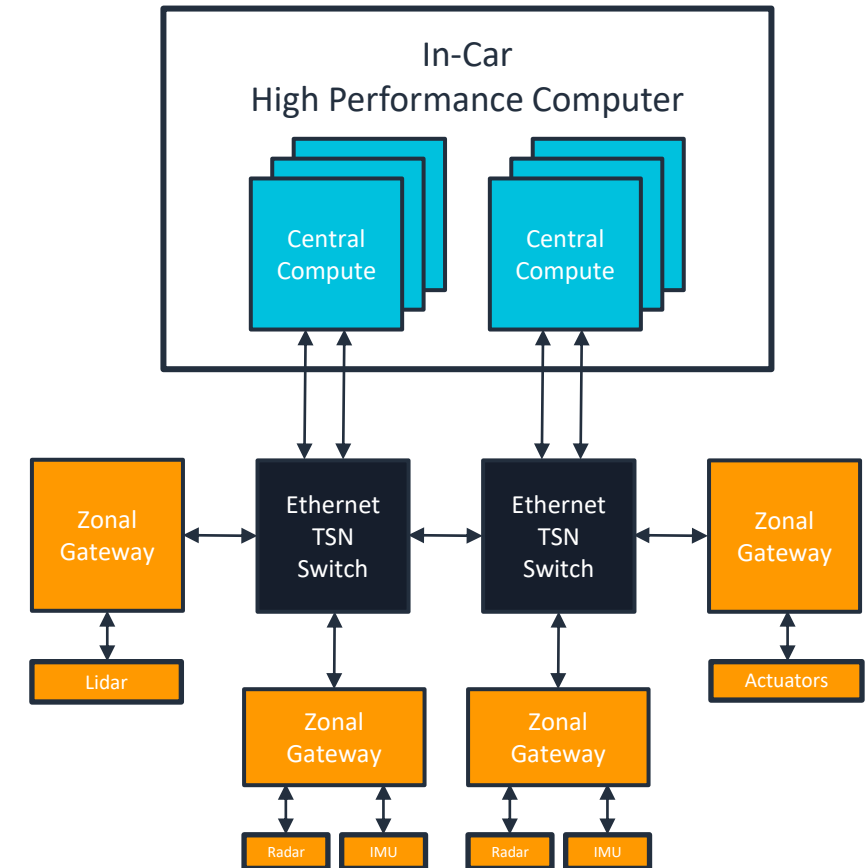
Traditional Architecture



Domain Architecture



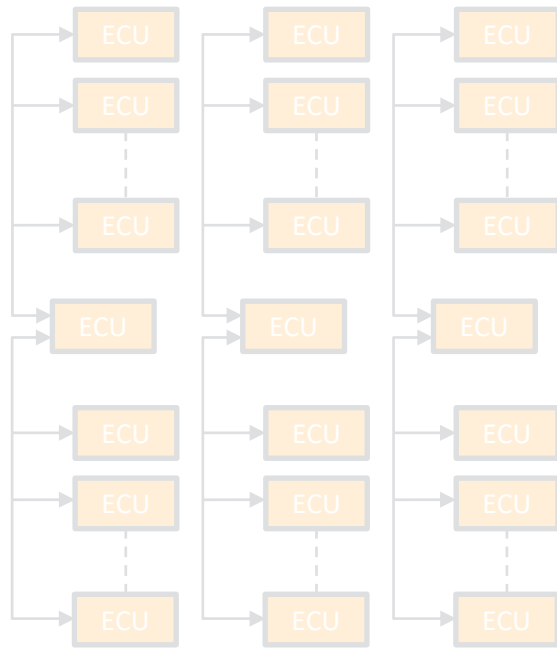
Zonal Architecture



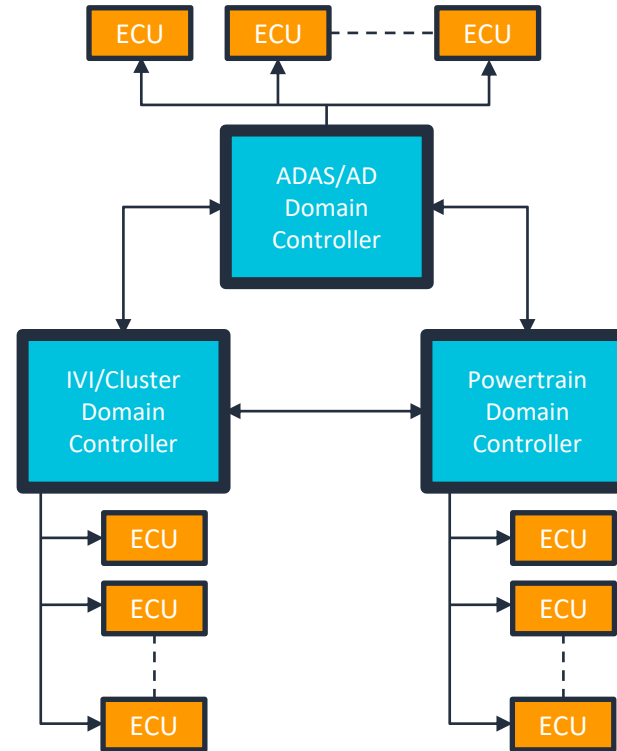
The shift towards centralized architectures is leading to “Datacenter on Wheels” design paradigm paving the way to cloud native software in automotive

In-vehicle hardware consolidation enables cloud native

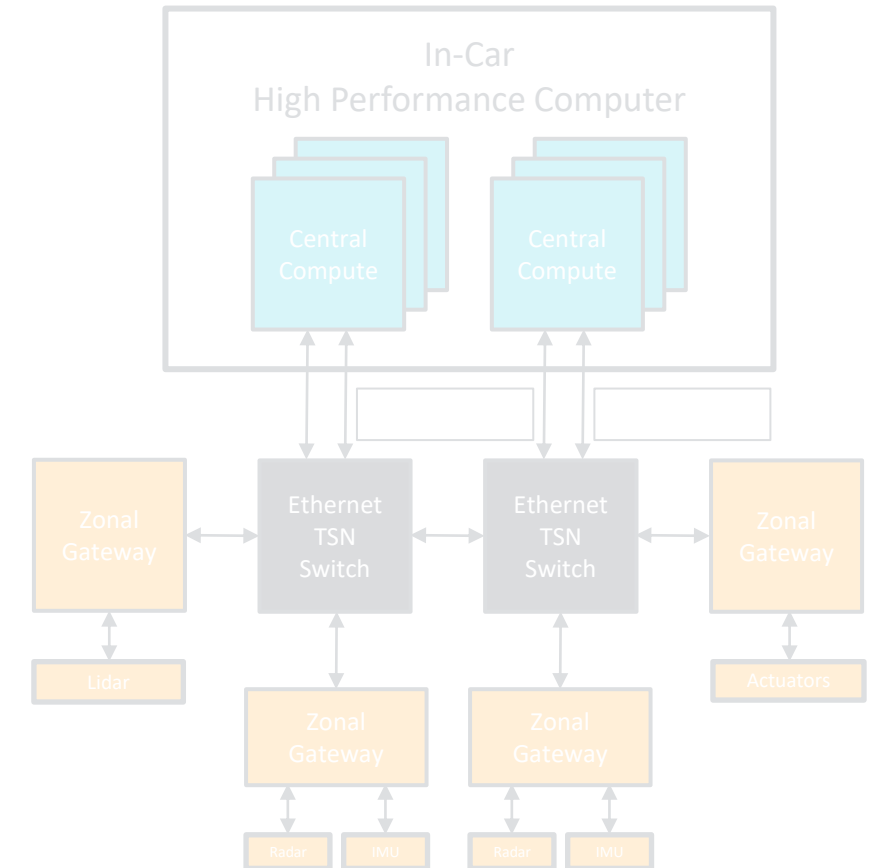
Traditional Architecture



Domain Architecture



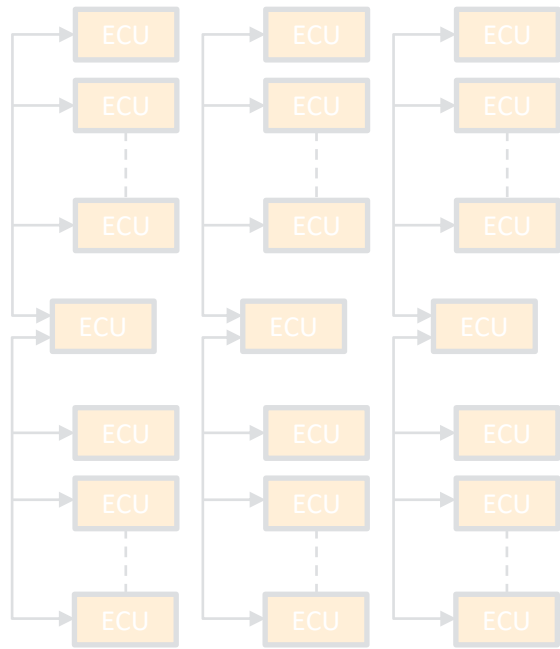
Zonal Architecture



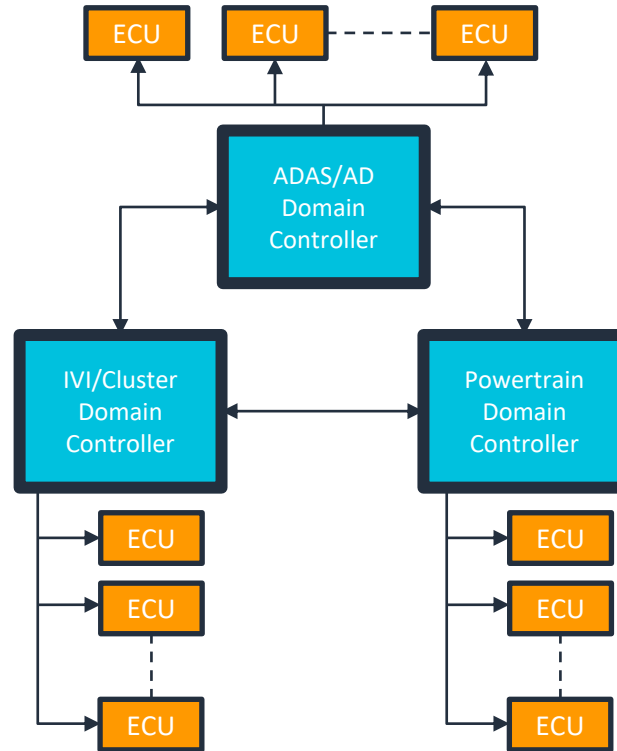
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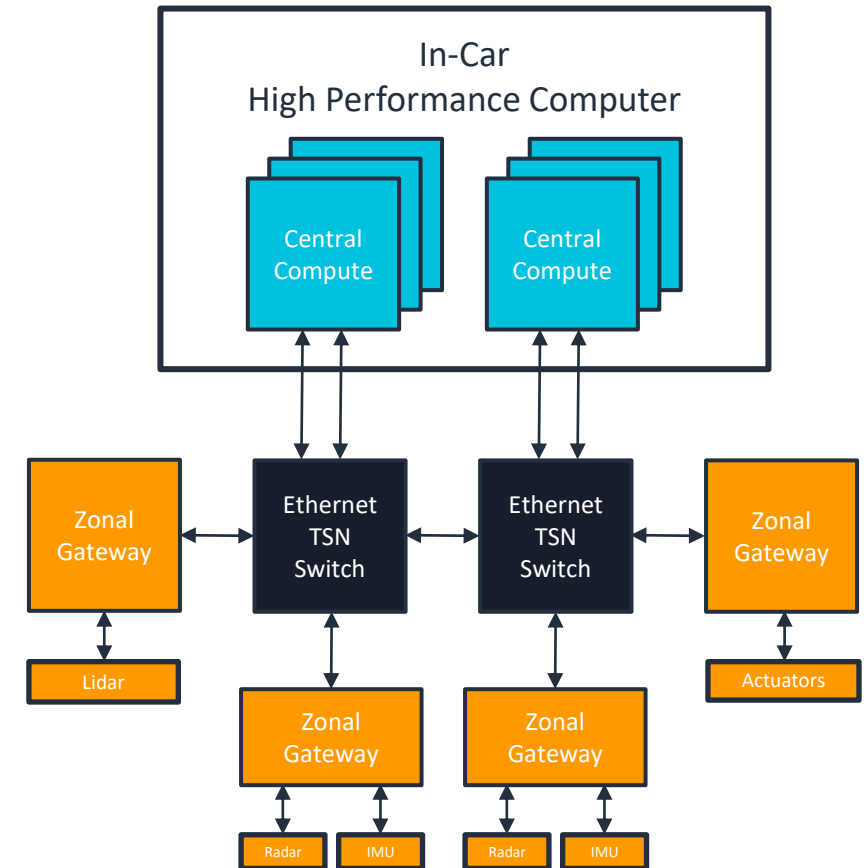
Traditional Architecture



Domain Architecture



Zonal Architecture



The shift towards centralized architectures is leading to “Datacenter on Wheels” design paradigm paving the way to cloud native software in automotive

Cloud-Native Computing?

Cloud Native Computing Foundation (CNCF)

Linux Foundation project founded in 2015 to advance container technology and align the tech industry around its evolution

Launched with **Kubernetes 1.0**

Now covers key **container** and **service mesh** technologies

- **Scope of the Containers & Mesh Expert Group**

Container orchestration across single or multiple nodes inside and outside the vehicle

Application management: service deployment and update over-the-air

Application layer networking (eg service mesh) for container-based microservices

Collaborate closely with Virtualization EG, including bringing AGL to AWS EC2

Initial efforts ISO26262 QM only, for mixed-critically need to run containers on hypervisor

AWS
Cloud


AWS CodePipeline

Build Server – Graviton EC2

- Build AGL for cloud target machine
- Write image to Elastic File Service (EFS - network store)
- Create Amazon Machine Image (AMI) from EFS volume and share


EC2 Public AMI


Cloud AGL vE


Cloud AGL vE


Cloud AGL vECU

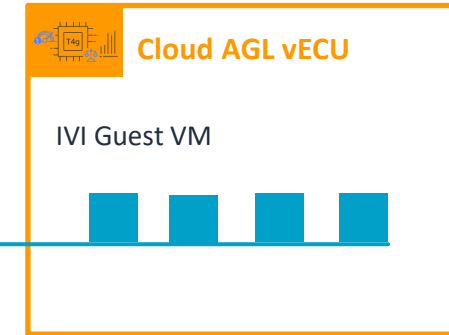
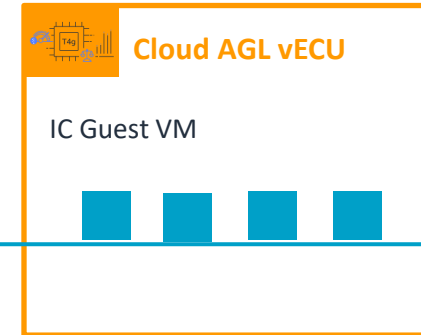
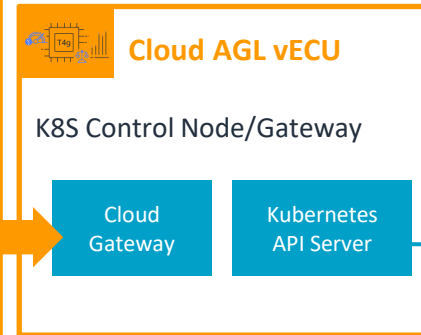
- Multiple 'virtual ECUs' – AGL virtual machines running on Amazon EC2 hypervisor Nitro – can be instantiated using the public AMI, with public or private access

 - Containerized Test app

■ - Containerized App

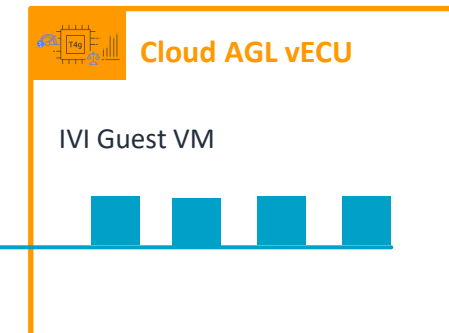
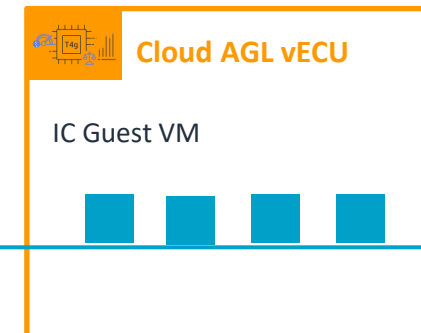
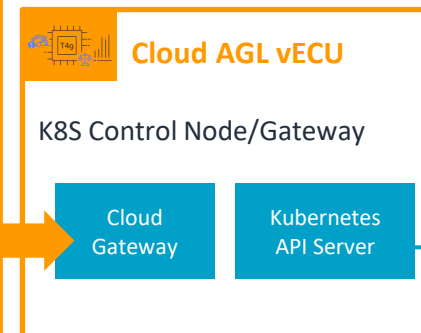
AWS Cloud

- Containerized Application Built and published to Container Repository
- Container update orchestrated via Kubernetes API server in vehicle, with comms passed via gateway
- Test suite ran against cloud-hosted vECUs
- On success, containerized apps pushed to edge



Containers orchestrated within VMs via Kubernetes agents

Automotive Edge



Containers orchestrated within VMs via Kubernetes agents

Working with Virtualization EG for a cloud-to-vehicle edge container orchestration proof of concept.

Thank you